







U-Visa: "Helpfulness",1

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The victim can be said to satisfy the "helpfulness" requirement of the U-Visa . . .

. . . when the victim has been helpful, is willing to be helpful, or is likely to be helpful in the detection, investigation, prosecution, conviction or sentencing of a qualifying criminal activity.

*Qualifying Criminal Activity is defined under immigration law as: ³

- Abduction
- **Abusive Sexual**
- Contact
- Blackmail
- Domestic Violence
- Extortion
- False Imprisonment
- Female Genital
- Mutilation
- Felonious Assault

- Fraud in Foreign Labor Contracting (8 U.S.C. 1351)
- Hostage
- Incest
- **Involuntary Servitude**
- Kidnapping
- Manslaughter
- Murder
- Obstruction of Justice
- Peonage

- Perjury
- Prostitution
- Rape
- Sexual Assault
- **Sexual Exploitation**
- Stalking
- Slave Trade
- Torture
- **Trafficking**
- Witness Tampering
- **Unlawful Criminal** Restraint

Who Does the Victim need to Help or Assist?

- Federal, state, or local law enforcement agency⁴
- Prosecutor or other Authority⁵

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³ Department of Homeland Security, U visa Law Enforcement Certification Resource Guide for Federal, State, Local, Tribal and Territorial Law Enforcement. http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additional-materials/immigration/uvisa/government-memoranda-and-factsheets/dhs_u_visa_certification_guide.pdf/view (Hereinafter DHS Resource Guide)

⁴ Department of Homeland Security. 8 C.F.R. Parts 103, 212, et al. New Classification for Victims of Criminal Activity; Eligibility for "U" Nonimmigrant Status; Interim Rule. September 17, 2007. (Hereinafter U Visa Rule) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/immigration/u-visa/regulations/UVISA interim-regs-Fed-Reg.pdf/view









- Federal or State Judge⁶
- Child Protective Services⁷
- Equal Employment Opportunity Commission⁸
- Department of Labor⁹

What constitutes having been helpful or being willing to be helpful?

- Not to unreasonably refusing to provide help, information, or assistance examples 10
 - O Viewed examining the totality of the circumstances including the nature of the victimization, victim's fear or the abuser, trauma suffered, force, fraud or coercion 11
 - o When the victim's ongoing cooperation in the criminal investigation may jeopardize the victim's safety or the safety of her family members in the U.S. or abroad the victim's failure to cooperate is **not** unreasonable. 12
- > Being helpful is NOT related to whether the perpetrator of the criminal activity has a warrant issued, is prosecuted, is arrested, is convicted, the case is ongoing or is closed,
- ➤ Being "helpful" is INDEPENDENT from the results that helping may lead to for example: 13
 - o If the victim has reported a crime, but an arrest or prosecution cannot take place due to evidentiary or other circumstances, victim was still helpful; 14
 - o If the victim has reported a crime, and the perpetrator has run away, the

⁷ USCIS Fact Sheet. USCIS Publishes Rule for Nonimmigrant Victims of Criminal Activity. September 5, 2007. http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additional-materials/immigration/u-visa/government-memoranda-andfactsheets/TU_QAforLawEnforcement.pdf/view (Hereinafter USCIS Fact Sheet)

¹⁰ USCIS Information for Law Enforcement Officials. Immigration Relief for Victims of Human Trafficking and Other factsheets/TU QAforLawEnforcement.pdf/view; Department of Homeland Security. 8 C.F.R. Parts 103, 212, et al. New Classification for Victims of Criminal Activity; Eligibility for "U" Nonimmigrant Status; Interim Rule. September 17, 2007. http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/immigration/u-visa/regulations/UVISA interim- regs-Fed-Reg.pdf/view; U visa Law Enforcement Certification Resource Guide for Federal, State, Local, Tribal and Territorial Law Enforcement. Homeland Security. <a href="http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additional-materials/immigration/u-visa/government-memoranda-and-factsheets/dhs u visa certification guide.pdf/view; NIWAP: U-Visas - Victims of Criminal of the control of t Activity. http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additional-materials/iwp-training-powerpoints/september-20-21-2012-new-orleans-la/u-visa-certification/u-visa- chapters/10 U-visa-MANUAL-ES.pdf/view.

¹¹ Department of Homeland Security, 8 C.F.R. Parts 103, 212, 214, 245 and 299, Adjustment of Status to Lawful Permanent Resident for Aliens in T or U Nonimmigrant Status Vol. 73, No 240 Fed Reg. 75540, 75547(December 12, 2008)(Here in after T and U Adjustment Rule) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/immigration/humantrafficking/regulations/HT_Regulations_T%20and%20U%20Adjustment%20Rule%20Fed%20Reg%2012.08.08.pdf/view

⁶ U Visa Rule

⁸ USCIS Fact Sheet

⁹ USCIS Fact Sheet

¹² National Immigrant Women's Advocacy Project, American University, Washington College of Law, The Vera Institute Of Justice, Legal Momentum, U Visa Toolkit for Law Enforcement Agencies and Prosecutors (November 2012) (Funded by the Bureau of Justice Assistance and the Office on Violence Against Women, U.S. Department of Justice) (U Visa Toolkit) http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additional-materials/immigration/u-visa/tools/police-prosecutors/Uvisa_toolkit_August_2011.pdf/view

¹³ USCIS Information for Law Enforcement Officials. Immigration Relief for Victims of Human Trafficking and Other Crimes, http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additional-materials/immigration/u-visa/government-memoranda-andfactsheets/TU_QAforLawEnforcement.pdf/view; NIWAP: U-Visas - Victims of Criminal Activity. http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additional-materials/iwp-training-powerpoints/september-20-21-2012-new-orleans-la/u-visa-certification/u-visa-chapters/10 U-visa-MANUAL-ES.pdf/view; U visa Law Enforcement Certification Resource Guide for Federal, State, Local, Tribal and Territorial Law Enforcement. Homeland Security. factsheets/dhs u visa certification guide.pdf/view

¹⁴ DHS Resource Guide at p. 11









victim can still be deemed helpful; 15

If victim continuously cooperated with law enforcement and case is dismissed due to mishandling of evidence, or conducting an unlawful search, the victim is still deemed helpful. 16

¹⁵ U Visa Toolkit at p. 5¹⁶ DHS Resource Guide at p. 11-12









Documents that can be used to prove helpfulness":

- Photographs of the visibly injured applicant supported by affidavits of individuals who have personal knowledge of the facts regarding the criminal activity¹⁷
- Trial Transcripts¹⁸
- o Court Findings and Rulings and other Documents 19
- o Police Reports²⁰
- o News Articles ²¹
- Copies of Reimbursement form for travel to and from court.²²
 Affidavits of other witnesses or officials²³

In Cases Where the Victim is a Child or Incapacitated:

If victim is a child or incapacitated or incompetent, the "helpfulness" requirement can be satisfied by the following, given that the indirect victim applicant submits the necessary evidence on behalf of the petitioner: ²⁴

- > The parent can be the "indirect" victim if
 - o The principal victim is a child under 21 years of age, or
 - A child is murdered
- Guardian
- Next friend

CHECKLIST

Helpfulness can be met in a variety of ways that include but are *not* limited to:

- Reporting a Crime
- Reporting a crime to 911 depends on the way it was reported
- Making or attempting to make a police report
- Participating in pre-arrest identification on scene
- Providing information to police at the crime scene
- Attempting to provide information to the police at the crime scene that could not be communicated because the police did not obtain a qualified interpreter
- Victim sought a criminal protection order
- Victim sought a civil protection order
- Calling police to enforce a civil or criminal protection order
- Participating in pre-arrest identification of photo array

¹⁸ U Visa Rule at p. 53024

¹⁷ U Visa Rule at p. 53024

¹⁹ U Visa Rule at p. 53024

²⁰ U Visa Rule at p. 53024

²¹ U Visa Rule at p. 53024

²² U Visa Rule at p. 53024

²³ U Visa Rule at p. 53024

²⁴ U visa Law Enforcement Certification Resource Guide for Federal, State, Local, Tribal and Territorial Law Enforcement. Homeland Security. http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/reference/additionalmaterials/immigration/u-visa/government-memoranda-and-factsheets/dhs u visa certification guide.pdf/view; Department of Homeland Security. 8 C.F.R. Parts 103, 212, et al. New Classification for Victims of Criminal Activity; Eligibility for "U" Nonimmigrant Status; Interim Rule. September 17, 2007. http://niwaplibrary.wcl.american.edu/immigration/uvisa/regulations/UVISA_interim-regs-Fed-Reg.pdf/view









- Attending a line-up to identify perpetrator
- Providing a statement to police, even if there is no arrest
- Providing pictures of injuries
- Providing restitution information
- Attending prep sessions with the prosecutor
- Testifying at the preliminary hearing
- Testifying at pre-trial motions
- Testifying at trial
- Testifying at post-trial motions
- Testifying at sentencing
- Providing a victim impact statement •
- Testifying at parole hearings
- Testifying at parole/probation violation hearings •
- Working with social services, if required
- Victim is willing to answer follow-up questions at a later time
- Victim sought medical assistance and is willing to sign a medical release form
- Identifying and providing background information about the perpetrator
- Providing a history of violence, if repeat offender
- Disclosing prior violence and/or criminal activity to others •
- Disclosing criminal activity that the suspect may be involved in
- Disclosing whether the suspect has an existing criminal record or any pending
- Reporting previous criminal activity

Helpfulness is satisfied **EVEN IF**:

- Victim reported a crime, and there was no further investigation
- Victim reported a past crime that at the moment did not feel safe to report
- The perpetrator absconds or is subject to immigration removal
- The perpetrator is prosecuted for a different crime
- Victim is not needed as a witness •
- Victim is dead (indirect victim qualifies)
- Perpetrator is dead •
- Victim has a criminal history
- Victim is subject to immigration enforcement
- Victim at first keeps some information, but fully discloses events after better understanding rights and having meaningful language access